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U.S. Deparment of Agricultur

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WHOLESALE TRADE LIST

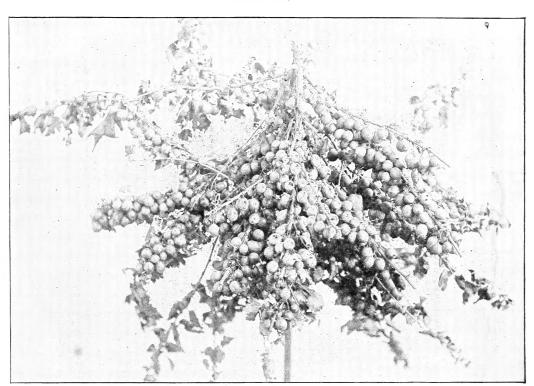
OF THE

WOODLAWN NURSERIES

FOR NURSERYMEN AND DEALERS ONLY.

ALLEN L. WOOD, PROPRIETOR,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.



PEARL.

The Most Prolific Gooseberry Known, (See Testimonials.)

ROUNDS and Office on Culver St.,
north of East Main St. Take East
Main St. Electric Car—only two
minutes walk from Car.



PARTIES wanting a large amount of Small Fruit are invited to write me for Special Prices. . . .

TERMS AND PARTICULARS.

My stock of Small Fruit Plants is largest in the World. My facilities and conveniences for storing, packing and shipping are not equaled by any other firm. My responsibility ceases on delivery of goods at Railroad or Express Office. My plants are warranted true to name, and of grades represented. Should any stock not prove true to name, I will either refund the purchase money of same, or replace the stock with stock true to name free; but am not liable for further damages; and while I am exercising great care to prevent mixtures, the above is to be a condition on which all stock is delivered. All packing will be done neatly and with strict regard to the interest of the customer. Purchasers will please give shipping directions always. In case no such directions are sent with orders, I will use my best judgment in the matter.

Terms Cash.—Bankable notes for 30 or 60 days will be accepted from customers of satisfactory record or bank reference. Fall accounts are due before Dec. 1st, when I draw at sight for any amounts due. Interest charged on all bills over due. All express or freight charges on goods or money must be paid by the customer. If goods are shipped C. O. D. usually one-fourth the amount of bill must be sent with order.

STRAWBERRIES. (Eight Acres.)

Millions of Plants for Early Fall Trade. Headquarters for the Great Greenville Strawberry. Roots straightened out and neatly tied up in bunches of twenty-five. We put in 26 for 25 in every bunch. Box and packing free. Strawberries packed in burlaps as per tags call for, \$1.00 per 1,000 extra. Special prices on 50,000 or over. Also for mailing.

	Sept. 1st to	Oct. 1st.	A	After C	ct. ist.
	Per 100.	Per 1000.	Pe	er 100.	Per 1000.
Beder Wood	\$.50	\$4.00	\$.50	\$3.00
Bidwell ?	50	4.00		.40	3.00
Bubach	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Burt	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Crescent	.50	4.00		.30	3.00
Chas. Downing	.50	4.00		.30	3.00
Cumberland	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Eureka	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Gaudy	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Greenville	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Haverland	50	4.00		.40	3.00
Jessie	50	4.00		.30	3.00
Lovett's Early	50	4.00		.40	3.00
Michael's Early	50	4.00		.30	3.00
Sharpless	.50	4.00		.40	3.00
Warfield	50	4.00		.30	3.00
Wilson	50	4.00		.30	3.00
Mr. Church and C. H. N.					

My Strawberries are from all New Beds, and are strong and well rooted plants.

RASPBERRIES.

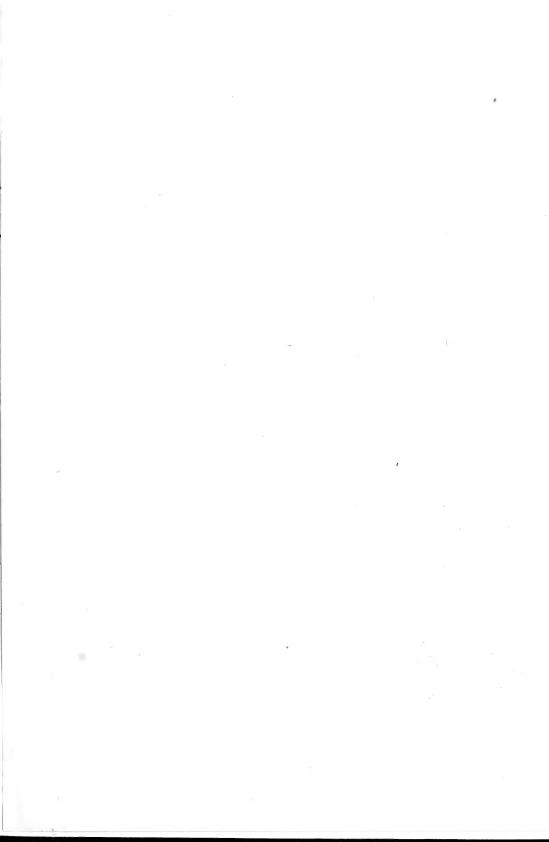
	KASI DIJAKIIJS.		
		No. 1. Per 100.	No. 1. Per 1000.
	Columbian (Not less than 25 at hun. rates.)	.\$15.00	\$120.00
	Doolittle Imp		6.00
	" Transplants	. I.25	10.00
	Gregg	· ·75	6.00
	" Transplants	. I.25	10.00
	Kansas	. 1.25	10.00
	Johnson Sweet	75	6.00
	" " Transplants	. 1.25	10.00
	Lovett	1.25	10.00
	Mam. Cluster	75	6.00
	" Transplants	. 1.25	10.00
1	Ohio	75	6.00
	" Transplants	. I.25	10.00
	Palmer	80	7.00
	" Transplants	. 1.25	10.00
	Souhegan	75	6.00
	" Transplants	. I.25	10.00
	Shaffers Col	80	7.00
	" " Transplants		12.00
	Tyler	75	6,00
	" Transplants		10.00
	My stock of tips are the strongest and finest I have ever gr	own.	
í	RED RASPBERRIES.		
	Brandywine	.\$ 1.00	8.00
	" Transplants	. 1.25	10.00
	Cuthbert (Strong Plants)	75	6.00
	" Transplants	. I.00	8.00
J	Clark	. I.25	10.00
	Herstine	. I.00	8.00
	" Transplants	. 1.25	10.00
	Hansell	. 1.00	8.00
	" Transplants		10.00
	Japan Wineberry (Very Fine Tips)	_	25.00
	" " Transplants		40.00
	Loudon (new)	-	,
	Marlboro	_	8.00
	" Transplants		10.00
	Rancocas		8.00
	" Transplants		10.00
	Thompson Early Prolific	_	15.00
			- 5.50

			YE	LLOW	RASPB	ERRIE;	S.		
							Pe	r 100.	Per 1000.
Caroline								-	\$10.00
·	-							1.50	12.00
Golden Quee								1.00	8.00
								1.25	10.00
Brinckles Ora								2.50	20.00
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				BLA	CKBERR	PIES.			
Root	ts, C	Cutti	ngs	and Str	ong Sucker	Plants wit	h Cross	Root	
*****								r 100.	Per 1000.
4								OO.1	\$ 8.00
								1.50	12.00
Early Cluste	r			· · · · · · · · · ·				1.25	10.00
Early Harve	st							1.25	10.00
								2.00	15.00
Eldorado (N	ew a	nd G	ood)				• • • • • • • •	7.50	60.00
Kittinney								1.25	10.00
Lawton							• • • • • • •	1.25	10.00
Lucretia De	wb'y							1.25	10.00
Minnewaski								2.00	15.00
Snyder								1.25	10.00
Taylor								1.25	10.00
Wachusett.								1.50	12.00
Wilson Earl	y	. 						1.50	12.00
Wilson Jr				• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			2.03	15.00
		CI	JRI	ANTS	S (Extra .	Fine Pla	ants.)	'er 100.	Per 1000
Fay's,	2 y	ears	, No.	I				\$ 3.50	\$30.00
- "	I	"	"	ı, Extra	Strong			3.00	25.00
"	I	"	4.6	2, Good	Plant			2.50	20.00
Cherry,	2	"	"	I				3.00	25.00
"	I	"	6.6	ı, Extra	Strong			2.50	20.00
	I	"	"	2, Good	Plant			2.00	15.00
Champion,	2	"	. 6	1				3.00	25.0
"	I	**	"	ı, Good	Plant			2.50	20.0
"	I	44	"		Plant			2.00	15.00
Versailles,	2	"	"					3.00	25.0
	I	"	"		Strong			2.50	20.0
"	I	66	"	2. Good	Plant			2.00	15.0
Black Naple	es, 2	"	"					2.50	20.0

ı, Extra Strong...... 2.00

15.00

10.00





INTRODUCED BY ALLEN L. WOOD,

ROCHESTER, N. Y., U. S. A.

V.			\boldsymbol{C}	URRANTS.—Continue	d.	Per 100.	Per 1000.
North Star,	I	"	"	ı, Extra Strong			Per 1000.
	I	"	"	2, Good Plant		. 4.00	
Lee's Pro.	2	6.6	44	I			25.00
	I	"	"	ı, Extra Strong		U	17.50
	I	"	"	2, Good Plant			15.00
Red Dutch,	2	"	"	I		, ,	25.00
	I	"	"	I			20.00
White Grape	- T	"	44	I		_	20.00
1/	-	vear	s No	. 2 Plants the same as 1 year !		. 2.30	20.00
111000 0				-			
	G	,00	SE	BERRIES (Extra Fin			
					ĺ	Γwo Year Per 100.	No. 1 Per 1000.
Pearl (See T	estii	noni	als).	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			\$150.00
Chautauqua						. 75.00	
Downing						. 4.50	40.00
Houghton						. 3.00	25.00
						_	_
							40.00
•			4	SDADACUS Tura Vac	140		
C				SPARAGUS, Two Yea			4
							\$3.00
						0,0	3.00
Palmetto						· · · · ·35	3.00
				RHUBARB.			
				One Year		wo Years	No. 1
Myatts				Per 100. 1	Per 1000. \$20.00	Per 100. \$ 3.50	Per 1000.
					20.00	3.50	30.00
victoria					20.00	3.30	30.00
				MISCELLANEOUS.			
Horse Radis	h Se	ets			\$	1.00 per l	hundred
				HARDY GRAPES.	_		
					Т	wo Years Per 100.	No. 1 Per 1000.
Agawam							\$35.00
Brighton						. 6.00	50.00
Catawba	, .					. 3.00	25.00
Concord						. 2.50	20.00
						_	70.00
Empire Stat	e			·		. 8.00	70.00
Ladv						8.00	70.00
Moore's Ear	ly					. 6.00	50.00
Vioore's Liia	mon	d				. 8.00	70.00
							30.00
							30.00
							,,,,,

V PEARL GOOSEBERRIES.

The Pearl is a new candidate for horticultural favor, which we offer to the public, confident that it will head the list of Gooseberries. We believe that all that is necessary to prove what we say, is to give it a fair trial, and then when it is as well known abroad, as it is at home it will advertise itself.

TESTIMONIALS FROM PROMINENT MEN.

The following is the report of the editor of the Canadian Horticulturist, who saw this fruit in bearing on the grounds:

The Pearl is a gooseberry grown from the seed of Houghton, crossed with Ashton Seedling, by Professor William Saunders, and worthy of special notice because (1) of its good quality; (2) its size; (3) its productiveness; (4) its freedom from mildew.

Now, with reference to these points, I will state the result of my observations: The quality is good, very much like the Downing in this respect, as well as in color marking; but in size it averages nearly double that berry, and that in spite of the prodigious crop under which the bushes were laden. There was a row of some sixty fine bushes one year planted, and most of them were literally bent to the ground with heaps of fruit. The average was eight berries per inch of wood, and on one bush we estimated that there must have been 2,500 berries. We have had great loads upon the Smith, the Downing and others, on our own grounds, but we have not seen quantity of fruit upon the bushes of any variety to equal that upon these bushes of the Pearl. Should this productiveness prove constant, the berry will be of great value for the market. With regard to the mildew, all we can say is what we saw, viz.: it was entirely free from it. One bush stood next a Whitesmith, and while the berries of the bush were covered with mildew and utterly worthless, no trace of this fungus could be found upon the Pearl.

SILAS WILSON, Pres. of the American Association of Nurserymen, says: Dear Sir—The Pearl gooseberry is a great sight. There could be no more berries on the stem without crowding off the leaves. It is wonderfully productive, and I am pleased to find the quality so good. The best gooseberry I ever saw; nearly sweet. There is no question about its future.

H. C. KERMAN, Grimsby Nursery, Ont., says:

Dear Sir—Yours of the 8th at hand. I can conscientiously recommend the Pearl. It is the coming berry, and will when known entirely replace the Downing; it is larger, heavier bearer, strong grower. Entirely free from mildew, and as one of our most prominent fruit growers in this district remarked, it is the best thing that has been put on the market, in the fruit tree line for years.

S. T. MAYNARD, of the Massachusetts Experiment Station, Amherst, Mass., says:

My Dear Sir—The Pearl Gooseberry was planted on our grounds last spring, and consequently has borne no fruit. It has made a good growth, however, and is free from mildew.

CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY, of Rochester, N. Y., says:

Dear Sir—Knowledge comes from visible evidence, and although sometimes we are deceived by what is called optical illusion, yet, we feel safe in believing that the branch of "Pearl Gooseberry," shown us a few weeks ago, was an actual and tangible horticultural product. We never saw anything like it before, and only expect to again in this variety.

There is now no question as to the superiority of the "Pearl" over all others for bearing qualities, and we think the fruit is equal in size and quality to any of the American varieties.

We shall push the sale of the "Pearl," feeling sure our patrons will appreciate a good thing.

T. T. Lyon, of the Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station, South Haven, Michigan, says:

Dear Sir—I have been testing the Pearl Gooseberry here for several years; in my forthcoming report (now ready for the press) I grade it for vigor and productiveness ten, and for quality nine, upon the scale one to ten.

Thos. Beall, of Lindsay, one of the Directors of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, says:

I have tested the Pearl Gooseberry for the last seven years, find it very prolific, and as to size fully one-half again as large as the Downing. A row of sixteen bushes yielded an average of eleven quarts of clean salable fruit to the bush in the past season.

W. J. Green, of the Ohio Agricultural Experiment Station, Wooster, Ohio, says:

Dear Sir—We have one plant of the Pearl Gooseberry, but that is hardly enough to enable us to judge as to its prolificacy. I judge that it is very prolific, however, and the fruit is of fair size. It seems to be an improvement upon the Downing and no doubt will prove to be a valuable variety.

ALLEN NURSERY Co., say:

Dear Sir—The branches of the Pearl Gooseberry laden with fruit which you showed to us recently were indeed a sight to behold. Judging from what we saw it indicates the most prolific bearer we have ever seen, and were greatly impressed with its wonderful bearing qualities. We do not believe that any other gooseberry now known among us will be anywhere near as profitable to Fruit Growers. We predict a brilliant future for the Pearl.

H. P. GOULD, of the Maine Agricultural Experiment Station, says:

Pearl Gooseberry, which we received from you last spring are looking fairly well. In comparison with four other varieties set at the same time, they have made the largest growth and are looking the most vigorous of any of the varieties at the present time, on account of the very dry weather which we have had.

JOHN LITTLE, Granton, Ont., says:

Dear Sir--I have fruited the Pearl Gooseberry two years. I find no weak points in it. Plants green and healthy, not liable to rust, an abundant bearer, size medium to large, no small berries, and brings all the berries formed to perfection. It has proved here more satisfactory than any of the other varieties grown here.

J. F. TAYLOR, Douglas, Mich., says:

The four Pearl Gooseberries received from you gave sixteen quarts the second year after planting. They were as full of fruit as bushes could be and showed no signs of mildew. The bush is a strong grower and carries its fruit well up from the ground. I am much pleased with its habit.

WM. J. EARLE, Valleyfield, Que., says:

Dear Sir—I have fruited the Pearl Gooseberry for the past two years and with me it has proved a very heavy bearer and perfectly free from mildew. The berry, in size, averages larger than the Downing and the growth of the bush is astonishing. It is, however, easier to train and keep in good shape; on the whole I regard it as a very valuable acquisition.

A. W. Bradstreet, Manager of Crosman Bros. Seed Store, Rochester, N. Y., says:

Having been asked my opinion as to the Pearl Gooseberry and having seen it in full fruitage, I do say, as to its productiveness, it is phenomenal. The berries were of extra size, but not being matured, I cannot say as to quality, but in quantity it surpasses all others I have ever seen.

L. WOOLVERTON, Secretary of the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario, says:

Dear Sir—In reply to your favor of the 8th instant, regarding the Pearl Gooseberry, I have this variety on my grounds, but it has not yet fruited. I have seen it fruiting, and my opinion of it is that it excels the Downing in productiveness, and the berry is a trifle larger than that variety.

From the National Nurseryman:

Allen L. Wood, of this city, proprietor of the Woodlawn Nurseries, is enthusiastic over the Pearl gooseberry which he is introducing. It is a wonderfully prolific berry. Each branch is loaded with fruit to the tip. It is stated that the fruit averages eight berries per inch of wood. Mr. Wood last month brought from Canada to Rochester, a number of samples of the Pearl which excited the admiration of nurserymen and fruit growers. The fruit is much like the Downing; it is one-third larger than that variety. Good judges have pronounced in favor of the quality, size, productiveness and freedom from mildew of the Pearl.

Annie L. Jack, the popular writer for *The Rural New Yorker*, has tested it at her home in Chateaugua Basin, Province of Quebec, and writes:

The Pearl Gooseberry is a success. It is free from mildew with us; is not large, but prolific, clear and good, both in foliage and fruit; superior in size and quality to the Downing and an acquisition to our list of that fruit.

E. B. Lewis, Lockport, N. Y., says:

Dear Sir—Yours of yesterday received asking me what I know about the Pearl Gooseberry. I have fruited the Pearl for several years, and now have about one acre planted for fruit. It is a wonderful cropper, strong grower and free from mildew, fruit larger than Downing.

L. G. Kellog, Ripon, Wis., writes:

The half dozen Pearl Gooseberry I purchased of you have fruited the past two seasons. They are very strong, upright growers, very productive, fruit large, good quality, and I have seen no sign of mildew.

W. A. Roys, of Mille Roches, Ont., says:

I had a large crop of gooseberries; I think the Pearl is larger and ahead of the Downing.

REV. JOHN Ross, of Brussels, Ont., says;

The Pearl Gooseberry has with me proved a strong grower, a prolific bearer, larger than Downing, and I think a better quality.

P. D. Kinney, Yarmouth, N. S., writes:

The Pearl Gooseberry I got from you in '93 bore a few nice berries that season and quite a crop last season. The bushes are thrifty, showing no sign of mildew, and the berries are much larger than the Downing as grown in my garden.

L. F. Kinney, of the Rhode Island Agricultural Experiment Station, says:

Dear Sir—In reply to your inquiry of recent date concerning the Pearl Gooseberry plants sent to the Station last spring for trial, I will say that the plants have made a thrifty growth and that the foliage has been free from the mildew thus far.

W. S. Turner, Cornwall, Ont., A director of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, writes:

I have fruited the Pearl gooseberry I got from you and I think it is superior to the Downing. It is a little larger and more prolific with me.

D. Dempsey, Stratford, Ont., says:

I have had the Pearl fruiting alongside the Downing for a number of years. It has borne heavier crops and the berries have been larger and more uniform and much easier picked, as they hang more on the under side of the branches than the Downing. It has shown no signs of mildew yet.

O. D. Green, Nurseryman, Syracuse, N. Y., says:

The Sample of the Pearl Gooseberry at hand. I think they must be $wonderfully\ productive\ and\ I\ judge\ from\ the\ sample\ that\ the\ flavor\ must\ be\ very\ fine.$

THE HAWKS NURSERY Co., Rochester, N. Y., say:

Dear Sir—Our opinion of the Pearl Gooseberry, we must say that for productiveness we have never seen its equal, judging from the branches shown us, as they were completely covered with fruit of good size. As they were green when we saw them we could not tell the quality, but judging from them as they were we should say that they would compare very favorably with any other American variety in that respect. "Its a good thing, Push it along." We think it as promising a berry if not the best of American origin that has been introduced in a long time.

JACKSON & PERKINS, Nurserymen, Newark N. Y., say:

Dear Sir—Your layor of the 12th received and box containing the branch of the Pearl Gooseberry also came duly to hand. We are greatly obliged to you for same and are much interested in seeing the berry. It certainly is a wonderful bearer and should be of decided value.

PETER COLLIER, of the New York Experimental Station, says:

In regard to the Pearl Gooseberry sent by you to this Station in the spring of 1888, which has been tested from that time in comparison with about fifteen other varieties, the results have been very satisfactory so far. Comparing it with Downing, we should consider it vastly superior both as to size and productiveness. The plants also grow in a more compact form.

JAMES FORSYTH, Gardener at the Ontario Agricultural College, writes:

I am pleased to say that it has proved to be all that you claimed for it. It has so far been quite clear from mildew, a good size and very prolific. I consider it altogether superior to Downing.

GEO. C. Butz, of the Pennsylvania Experiment Station, says:

The Pearl you sent me this Spring are making an excellent growth for the first season. Several strong shoots from near the base indicate that the Plants are well established.

THOMAS BEAL, of Lindsay, Ont., one of the directors of the Ontario Fruit Growers' Association, says:

Pearl is fully as productive as the Downing. The berries are larger and of much better quality when nearly ripe. Both of these varieties are free from mildew here.

We sent some branches to the Superintendent of the World's Fair and received the following note from him:

Dear Sir.— The branches of the Pearl Gooseberry I received from you for the World's Fair were simply immense, the crop most abundant, berries of good size and very uniform throughout, fine shape and color, making an attractive exhibit. I heard quite frequently the remark, "What a wonderful cropper."

Yours truly,

A. H. PETTIT.

PROFESSOR BUDD, of the Iowa Experiment Station says:

The Pearl is very promising with us and is doing well with many in Iowa, and I believe it will prove valuable with us.

J. F. TAYLOR, Douglas, Mich., says:

The Pearl Gooseberry continues to do well with us. I like it very much. So far it has been entirely free from disease.

W. J. Green, Horticulturist of the Ohio Experimental Station, Wooster, Ohio, writes:

The Pearl Gooseberry has fruited here and we are well pleased with it. The plants are quite healthy. The variety is rather more prolific than the Downing, and the berries a little larger. Probably it will out rank the Downing in good qualities and seems to be well worth general trial.

JOHN GOLDIE, Galt, says:

The Pearl Gooseberry received from you fruited very well last year and did not mildew. The fruit is larger than the Downing and it seems likely to prove satisfactory.

- C. L. Stevens, Secretary of Orillia Fruit Growers' Association, writes: Four years ago I got one plant of Pearl Gooseberry; it fully justifies all you say of it.
- T. T. Lyons, of the Michigan Experimental Station, says:

The Pearl Gooseberry has this year borne but a light crop, though considerable more than any other of the twenty or more varieties which I am testing (except perhaps, the Houghton, which is too small). Last year the Pearl bore far more heavily, excelling even the Downing, which is our most popular market variety.

W. J. Green, Ohio Experiment Station, writes:

Not being at home now I cannot say just how many Pearl Gooseberry plants are living, that you sent me this spring. We have had a very severe and protracted drought, which has been very hard on small stuff planted in the spring. We had some pearl Gooseberries on one single plant and I must say that the variety is certainly promising.

From Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine:

The Pearl Gooseberry.—This variety of Gooseberry, of American origin, is probably the most remarkable for productiveness that the horticultural world has ever witnessed. Words seem too feeble to convey a proper idea of the fecundity of this plant. The fruit so completely covers the branches that it is difficult to understand how the leaves are capable of performing their functions. That they do so, however, is attested by the healthfulness of the plants and by the fact that each season the crop of berries is brought to perfection. The berries are placed on the branches so closely together as to make a solid mass of fruit, without space for the insertion of another one. This language is no exaggeration, and it requires a vivid imagination in connection with it to get a true conception of the appearance of the plant without seeing it. A plantation of 2,000 plants averaged this season over eleven quarts to the plant, and the weather exceptionally dry.

Thus it is of true native descent. The fruit when ripe is of a green color, the berries from a half inch to three-quarters of an inch in diameter, and its quality ranks high.

The plant is very healthy and vigorous, as it is scarcely necessary to remark, for only under such conditions could it bear the crops which it does annually. It has been bearing for the past nine years, and has uniformly perfected its crop without having a portion of it removed.

R. D. LEUTCHFORD & Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y., say:

Dear Sir—The sample branches of your "Pearl Gooseberry" as seen by us, were certainly a wonderful sight. We congratulate you on being the possessor of what we believe to be the future Staple Gooseberry. With such a "Pearl" you should wear Diamonds.

Should you find you have more stock than you now anticipate, should like to increase our order.

GEO. W. CLINE, one of Ontario's most successful fruit growers, says:

Dear Sir—It is with the greatest of pleasure that I can certify to the value of the Pearl Gooseberry, for after having seen it in bearing, its wonderful yield, its extra quality, its good size, I believe it to be the best and most profitable to plant, and in proof thereof I have now some 2000 plants, and am only sorry I have not four or five acres in bearing.

J. CRAIG, Horticulturist at the Experimental Farm, Ottawa, writes:

The Pearl Gooseberry has been quite as free from mildew on these grounds as Houghton and Downing, and is the most prolific variety that I know of. Mr. Craig also, in his last Bulletin on Horticulture sent out from the Experimental Farm, recommends the Pearl as one of the best for general cultivation.

From T. H. RACE, Mitchell, President of the Fruit Growers' Association of Ontario:

My Dear Sir—I have fruited the Pearl Gooseberry for three years, and with me it has proved a very heavy bearer and perfectly free from mildew. The berry, in size, averages larger than the Downing, but the bush does not produce as large a growth of wood. It is however, easier to train and keep in nice shape. On the whole I like the Pearl very much.

A large number of excellent testimonials on this subject are omitted here for want of space.

THE COLUMBIAN RASPBERRY.

We are prepared to offer to our customers, and to the trade generally, the plants of this valuable fruit for the fall trade of 1805.

The following points show the superiority of the Columbian over all other berries now grown:

I. It is a most vigorous grower, canes ten to sixteen feet in length, and often over an inch in diameter; strong and woody; color light green changing to bright red in autumn.

2. Its roots are large and spreading, and penetrate the soil to a great depth, thus enabling it to resist drouth successfully.

3. It is very hardy, enduring 28° below zero without harm.

4. Fruit very large, often an inch in diameter; shape somewhat conical, color dark red bordering on purple, adheres firmly to the stem and will dry on the bush if not picked; seeds small and deeply imbedded in a rich, juicy pulp, with a distinct flavor of its own, making it a most delicious table berry.

5. For canning purposes it is much superior to any other for the following reasons: It holds its form better. Is of a more beautiful color. Is sweeter and

richer in flavor. Shrinks less in processing.

6. It makes a fine evaporated berry, retaining color, form and flavor in a most remarkable degree, and selling for fully one-third more than other berries.

7. Its fruiting season is very uniform, extending from July 12 to August 15 and maintaining its high quality to the last.

8. It is a most excellent shipper, never crumbling nor crushing either in handling or transportation.

9. It is wonderfully prolific, yielding over 8,000 quarts to the acre; 3,500 bushes produced on an average five quarts each, or 17,500 quarts.

Two First Prizes at New York State Fair.

In full confirmation of the statements made about the Columbian Raspberry, it may be added that at the fair of the New York State Agricultural Society, held at Syracuse, September, 1894, the *First Prize* was awarded the Columbian Raspberry as the best for *canning* purposes. Also the *First Prize* for *evaporating* purposes.

As a profitable Raspberry it stands to-day unrivaled. No berry grower can afford to be without it.



THE COLUMBIAN RASPBERRY.

The Most Vigorous Grower and the most Productive of all Raspberries. Proved by years of trial, and tested by different Experiment Station and Prominent Fruit Growers, this valuable plant is now offered to the Trade by

ALLEN L. WOOD, Rochester, N. Y.